§412.260 Time and place of the oral hearing.

If the MGCRB decides that an oral hearing is necessary, it sets the time and place for the hearing and notifies the parties in writing, with a copy to HCFA, not less than 10 days before the time scheduled for the hearing. The MGCRB may reschedule, adjourn, postpone, or reconvene the hearing provided that reasonable written notice is given to the parties, with a copy to HCFA.

§ 412.262 Disqualification of an MGCRB member.

- (a) Grounds for disqualification. An MGCRB member may not participate in any decision in a case in which he or she may be prejudiced or partial with respect to a party or has any other interest in the case.
- (b) Request for disqualification. If a party believes that an MGCRB member should not participate in a decision, the party submits the objection in writing to the MGCRB at its earliest opportunity, explaining the grounds for the request. HCFA may also submit such a suggestion to the MGCRB.
- (c) Consideration by the MGCRB member. The MGCRB member will consider the objection and, at his or her discretion, either will proceed or withdraw.
- (d) Consideration by the MGCRB If the member does not withdraw, a party may petition the MGCRB for withdrawal and the MGCRB will consider the objection and rule on whether the member may participate in the decision before it decides the case.

§412.264 Evidence and comments in MGCRB proceeding.

- (a) Submission by the parties. Before a decision is issued and during an oral hearing, the parties may present evidence or comments to the MGCRB regarding the matters at issue in the case.
- (b) Content of evidence and comments. The MGCRB may receive evidence and comments without regard for the rules of evidence applicable to court procedures.
- (c) Ex parte communications. (1) The members of the MGCRB and its staff may not consult or be consulted by an individual representing the interests of

- an applicant hospital or by any other individual on any matter in issue before the MGCRB without notice to the hospital or HCFA. If such communication occurs, the MGCRB will disclose it to the hospital or HCFA, as appropriate, and make it part of the record after the hospital or HCFA has had an opportunity to comment. MGCRB members and staff may not consider any information outside the record about matters concerning a hospital's application for reclassification.
- (2) The provisions in paragraph (c)(1) of this section do not apply to the following:
- (i) Communications among MGCRB members and staff.
- (ii) Communications concerning the MGCRB's administrative functions or procedures.
- (iii) Requests from the MGCRB to a party or HCFA for a document.
- (iv) Material that the MGCRB includes in the record after notice and an opportunity to comment.
- (d) MGCRB rulings on evidence and comments. The MGCRB rules upon the admissibility of evidence and comments and excludes irrelevant, immaterial, or unduly repetitious evidence and comments.

§412.266 Availability of wage data.

A hospital may obtain the average hourly wage data necessary to prepare its application to the MGCRB from FEDERAL REGISTER documents published in accordance with the provisions of $\S412.8(b)$.

[60 FR 45849, Sept. 1, 1995]

§412.268 Subpoenas.

(a) In general. When reasonably necessary for the full presentation of a case, and only after a pre-decision request for information or data has failed to produce the necessary evidence, either upon its own motion or upon the request of a party, the MGCRB may issue subpoenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses, for an oral hearing or the production of books, records, correspondence, papers, or other documents that are relevant and material to any matter at issue.

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- (b) Content of request. The request must designate which witnesses or documents are to be produced, and describe addresses or locations with sufficient particularly to permit these witnesses or documents to be found. The request for a subpoena must state the pertinent facts that the party expects to establish by the requested witnesses or documents and whether these facts could be established by other evidence without the use of a subpoena.
- (c) *Issuance*. Subpoenas are issued as provided in section 205(d) of the Act.
- (d) Payment for subpoena cost. HCFA pays for the cost of issuing subpoenas and the fees and mileage of any witness who is subpoenaed, as provided in section 205(d) of the Act.

§412.270 Witnesses.

Witnesses at an oral hearing testify under oath or affirmation, unless excused by the MGCRB for cause. The MGCRB may examine the witnesses and may allow the parties or their representatives to also examine any witnesses called.

§412.272 Record of proceedings before the MGCRB.

A complete record of the proceedings before the MGCRB is made in all cases. The record will not be closed until a decision has been issued by the MGCRB. A transcription of an oral hearing will be made at a party's request, at the expense of the requesting party.

§412.273 Withdrawing an application.

- (a) Timing of a withdrawal. The MGCRB allows a hospital, or group of hospitals, to withdraw its application if the request for withdrawal is submitted to the MGCRB during the following time periods:
- (1) At any time before the MGCRB issues a decision on the application; or
- (2) After the MGCRB issues a decision, provided that the request for withdrawal is received by the MGCRB within 45 days of publication of HCFA's annual notice of proposed rulemaking concerning changes to the inpatient hospital prospective payment system and proposed payment rates for the fiscal year for which the application has been filed.

- (b) Written request only. A request to withdraw an application must be made in writing to the MGCRB by all hospitals that are party to the application.
- (c) Appeal of the MGCRB's denial of a hospital's request for withdrawal. (1) A hospital may file an appeal of the MGCRB's denial of its request for withdrawal of an application to the Administrator. The appeal must be received within 15 days of the date of the notice of the denial.
- (2) Within 20 days of receipt of the hospital's request for appeal, the Administrator affirms or reverses the denial.

[56 FR 25489, June 4, 1991, as amended at 56 FR 43241, Aug. 30, 1991; 57 FR 39826, Sept. 1, 1992]

§412.274 Scope and effect of an MGCRB decision.

- (a) Scope of decision. The MGCRB may affirm or change a hospital's geographic designation. The MGCRB's decision is based upon the evidence of record, including the hospital's application and other evidence obtained or received by the MGCRB.
- (b) Effective date and term of the decision. Any classification change is effective for one year beginning with discharges occurring on the first day (October 1) of the second Federal fiscal year following the Federal fiscal year in which the complete application is filed and ending effective at the end of that Federal fiscal year (the end of the next September 30).
- (c) Additional decisions. When the MGCRB determines that the facts that provide the basis for reclassification will remain unchanged through the end of the following Federal fiscal year, it may also provide for the following:
- (I) A one-year automatic renewal of its decision.
- (2) An abbreviated application and decision process for renewals.

[55 FR 36766, Sept. 6, 1990, as amended at 62 FR 46031, Aug. 29, 1997]

§412.276 Timing of MGCRB decision and its appeal.

(a) *Timing.* The MGCRB notifies the parties in writing, with a copy to HCFA, and issues a decision within 180 days after the first day of the Federal